







INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: VII	Department: Social Science	Subject: History
Worksheet No: 11	Topic: Tribes, Nomads and Settled Communities	Year: 2023-24
I	Multiple Choice Questions: -	
1	How many villages constitute a barhots? (a) Ten (b) Twelve (c) Fifteen (d) Eleven	
2	Who was the son of Dalpat Shah and Rani Durgawati? (a) Man Singh (b) Aman Das (c) Chandra Shah (d) Bir Narain	
3	Where did Balochi tribes lived during the Mughal rule? (a) North West (b) North East (c) South East (d) South West	
II	Fill in the blanks: -	
4	The society was divided according to the rules of _____ Varna	
5	The Cheros tribes were defeated by _____ in 1591. Raja Man singh	
6	Historical works called Buranjis were written in _____ and Ahom language. Assamese	
III	Read the passage carefully and answer the question: -	
	<p>Almost all adult males served in the army during war. At other times, they were engaged in building dams, irrigation systems and other public works. The Ahoms also introduced new methods of rice cultivation. Ahom society was divided into clans or khels. There were very few castes of artisans, so artisans in the Ahom areas came from the adjoining kingdoms. A khel often controlled several villages. The peasant was given land by his village community. Even the king could not take it away without the community's consent.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. What was the crop cultivated by the Ahoms? Rice Cultivation2. Who was given the land to the Peasants? Village community.3. All the adult males were engaged in _____, _____ and other _____ Works. Building dams, Irrigation and other Public Works.	
IV	Answer the following in one sentence: -	
7	Who were specialized artisans? ❖ Smiths, carpenters, and masons were specialised artisans.	
8	Who was declared as a noble (mansabdar) by Akbar? ❖ Kamal Khan Gakkhar was declared as a noble (mansabdar) by Akbar.	
9	Who are the Nomads? ❖ Nomads are the wandering people. Many of them are pastoralists who roam from one pasture to another with their flocks and herds.	
10	Which tribe was the most influential Punjab during 13 th and 14 th century? ❖ In Punjab, the Khokhar tribe was the most influential during the thirteenth and fourteenth centuries.	
V	Answer in brief: -	
11	What is 'shifting cultivation'?	

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❖ Trees and bushes in a forest area are first cut and burnt. The crop is sown in the ashes. When this land loses its fertility, another plot of land is cleared and planted in the same way.
12	<p>How did the nomadic pastoralists earn their livelihood?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❖ Nomadic pastoralists kept on moving from place to place with their animals and lived on milk and other pastoral products. ❖ They also exchanged items like wool, ghee, etc. with settled agriculturists for grain, cloth, utensils and other products. ❖ They bought and sold these goods as they moved from one place to another, transporting them on their animals. ❖ The Banjaras were trader-nomads who bought grain where it was cheaply available and carried it to places where it was dearer. ❖ From there, they again reloaded their oxen with anything that could be profitably sold in other places and thus, they played an important role in connecting India to the outside world.
VI	Picture based questions:-
18	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Who connected India to outside world? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❖ Mobile traders b) Who brought the goods to India? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❖ Central Asian traders c) Who carried the goods to local markets? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❖ Banjaras and other traders.
19	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Identify the picture. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❖ Ear ornament b) Who was wearing it? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❖ Koboï Naga Tribe c) From where it was found? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❖ Manipur
20	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Identify the picture. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❖ crocodile

	<p>b) In which state was this crocodile found in. ❖ Orissa</p> <p>c) Which metal was used for making the crocodile? ❖ Bronze</p>												
20	 <p>a) Identify the above picture. ❖ Carved Door</p> <p>b) Which tribe does this object? ❖ The Gonds</p> <p>c) In which state can we find Bastar area. ❖ Madhya Pradesh</p>												
VII	Match the following: -												
	<table border="0"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Column A</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Column B</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1.Gaddi</td> <td>a, Chariot Makers</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2.Kolis</td> <td>b, 12 Villages</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3.Bhils</td> <td>c, Shepherd Tribe</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4. Rathakaras</td> <td>d, Central Western India</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5.Barhots</td> <td>e, Maharashtra – Karnataka</td> </tr> </table> <p>Answers:- 1. c, 2. e, 3. d, 4. a, 5. b</p>	Column A	Column B	1.Gaddi	a, Chariot Makers	2.Kolis	b, 12 Villages	3.Bhils	c, Shepherd Tribe	4. Rathakaras	d, Central Western India	5.Barhots	e, Maharashtra – Karnataka
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